

FUNERAL OF MR. SELIGMAN.

MANY PROMINENT CITIZENS AT THE SERVICES.

ADDRESSES BY RABBI GOTTHEIL AND SILVER-MAN—A REPRESENTATIVE LIST OF PALIERS.

Impressive funeral services were held in the Temple Emanu-El, Fifth-ave. and Forty-third-st., at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, over the body of Jesse Seligman. It was expected that the attendance would be large, and a detachment of police were present, but no one thought the throng would be so great as that which crowded the temple and swayed backward and forward on the sidewalks and street. Among those joined by the throng was the Rev. Dr. John Hall, of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church; but finally he was recognized by one of the ushers and was conducted to a seat. Bishop H. C. Potter was also in the congregation. Some others there were Isidor and Samuel Wormser, S. S. Shafer, Charles Steinbach, the Rev. Dr. Cohen, president of the New-York Board of Jewish Ministers; General Cecil Gould, of Cincinnati; Dr. De Sol Mendes, Dr. Hirsch and J. Blumenthal. The Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association was represented by A. B. de Freez. On the platform back of the pulpit was a group of 150 children from the Hebrew Orphan Asylum. In front of the pulpit were massed more than fifty floral sprays.

At 10 o'clock the members of the family quietly passed by a side entrance to the seats reserved for them. The group consisted of the widow, escorted by her son Theodore Seligman, and followed by Henry Seligman, Albert Seligman, the Misses Madeline Seligman and Alice Seligman, Mrs. and Mrs. Wassermann, James Seligman, the brother and partner of the dead banker; Professor E. R. A. Seligman, Isaac N. Seligman, Dewitt J. Seligman and George W. Seligman. Shortly afterward the pallbearers, conducted by Rabbi Gustav Gottheil and his assistant, Joseph Silverman, of Temple Emanu-El, passed from the entrance north of the pulpit to the front entrance. The soft notes of the organ were heard, and the coffin, covered with violets, was borne in, followed by the pallbearers. Conspicuously in front, with his head of snowy white hair bowed, walked William M. Evans by the side of Lewis May, president of the congregation.

THE PALLBEARERS.

The other pallbearers were Seth Low, Cornelius N. Bills, Henry Rice, president of the United Hebrew Charities; John A. Stewart, Oscar S. Straus, ex-Minister to Turkey; General Horace Porter, Abram S. Hewitt, Mayor Thomas F. Gilroy, Emanuel Lehman, Thomas Dolan, of Philadelphia; L. Ganz, ex-Postmaster-General John Wanamaker, Carl Schurz, Colonel Frederick D. Grant, C. Bernheim, president of the Home for the Aged; Colonel John McCook, Abraham Wolff, treasurer of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum; John F. Dillon, D. Willis James, A. D. Juillard, ex-Congressman Edwin Einstein, Colonel William L. Strong, William Walther Phelps, ex-Minister to Germany, H. Blum, president of the Mount Sinai Hospital; Charles H. Camp, of Philadelphia; Meyer Stern, secretary of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum; General Benjamin F. Tracy, Simon W. Roseland, Edward Laurierbach, James G. De Forest, Henry C. Yale, Colonel Joel B. Erhardt, Courtney W. Fay, H. L. Morton, Joseph B. Barker, John W. Jones, Wm. P. St. John, Stephen R. Lester, H. T. Coll, William L. Pomeroy, A. G. Hyde, John D. Larson, Jonathan H. Crane, E. B. Hinckle, Eliza Root, Tilden Blodget, Isaac Townsend Smith, C. T. Smith, Charles E. Whitehead, John Elderkin, Charles F. Roe, W. G. Riddle, F. Taylor, W. H. Brown, Dorrian B. Barker, Thomas B. Clarke, C. C. Tiffany, Sam Shether, John Sloane, D. F. Appleton, William Tousley, W. T. Schley, M. C. Addoms, Emerson Foote and J. Adriance Bush.

THE FUNERAL ADDRESS.

The services were opened by Harris G. Sparrow, the cantor of the temple, who read a psalm and then sang a dirge responsively with the choir. Rabbi Silverman delivered a funeral address of great eloquence, simplicity, thoughtfulness and beauty of rhetoric. He referred to Mr. Seligman as one who in his lifetime practised those virtues which by some would entitle him to be called a true Christian; but, added he, "there are others, like others, a true Buddhist." "But," exclaimed the preacher, "I would call him a typical American Jew."

A dirge was then sung by the choir, consisting of A. J. Davis, organist; Frank Van der Stucken, assistant; Miss Fannie Hurst, Miss Fitzhugh, A. Bulkeley Hills and Clara Bologna. An address, nihil ad rem, was the concluding part of the service, made by Dr. Gottheil. Mendelsohn's "Purim and Mourning" and "Cast Thy Burdens" were sung. A long procession of carriages followed the hearse to the cemetery. From the pulpit, Mr. Tracy said: "Seligman's memory will be cherished for his goodness and large-heartedness. A man could wish no higher praise."

TO HELP THE BABY FRESH AIR FUND.

An interesting concert and entertainment will be given at Hardman Hall, No. 138 Fifth-ave., tomorrow evening for the benefit of the Baby Fresh-Air Fund. The programme will include solos and trio for the violin by three little girls, Miss Olive Flammer, a daughter of ex-Judge Charles A. Flammer; Miss Hazel Gro and Miss Ethel Walker, pupils of Miss Corinne Flint; songs by Harry Pepper, tenor; the Misses Bender and Flammer, contralto; Miss Marie Rogers and Miss Maude Furniss, soprano. Miss Bessie Meekem, soprano, will play on her instrument, accompanied by her father, H. C. Meekem, harpist. Among the other performers will be Dr. William Davenport and Miss Charlotte Flammer, elocutionists; Miss Lillian Rehbein, Miss Emma Muschenheim and Peter Flint, pianists. The enterprising will end with the farce, "No, No, No, Pay." Among the attractions are Mrs. Charles A. Flammer, Mrs. John E. McLean, Mrs. Willard Fitzgerald, Mrs. Spooner and Mrs. W. A. Walker. The first entertainment for this charity will be given at 8 P.M. on Friday, April 24, West Forty-fifth-st., on Madison Avenue, evening, April 21, and was so successful that it was decided to repeat it at Hardman Hall.

NEW STEAMER FOR THE FRENCH LINE.

An addition has been made to the New-York fleet of the Compagnie Générale Transatlantique, French line of steamers between New-York and Havre. It has been transferred from the West Indian and Mexican service. This steamer, having been built for the former, is to make two trips in the course of the summer; her first trip from New-York will be July 28, and the second on August 22.

TROUBLE CAUSED BY A LIVE WIRE.

Traffic on the uptown tracks of the Third-ave. trolley line was blocked by the breaking of the trolley wire where it goes under the elevated structure at One-hundred-and-forty-fifth-st. and Third-ave., yesterday morning. Just as the break occurred a wagon belonging to William Kelly, a contractor of No. 907 West Forty-seventh-st., loaded with paving blocks, crossed the tracks. The end of the wire fell across the rear of the wagon and curving around the end struck one of the horses on the side. The animal, mad with pain and fright, plunged wildly to get away, but one of the wheels was wedged in the track and would not move. The wire, pulling, took a sharp leap of the madened animal, only increasing its fury. John Moran, the driver, stuck to his post and lashed both horses. For several minutes the wheel stuck, but at last it was released and the team dashed from under the wire.

By this time ten cars were in line. The wire lay across the down track, and as many more cars were stopped. The conductors and motormen left their posts and gathered around the scene. The conductors attempted to move the wire by wrapping it around their coats, but received such a shock that he was glad to get away. The wire fell across the track again, striking the iron horses. One of the men finally procured a rope from a store on the corner, and after gingerly tying it around the end of the live wire he pulled the wire

up, but the wire was too tight to be moved.

THE BOTTOM DROPS OUT OF WHEAT.

Wheat made another low record yesterday for May, July and September. July wheat opened at \$24 and went down to \$23, at which figure it closed. September wheat opened at \$45 and fell to \$44 at the close, and May wheat sold down to \$65. The total transactions amounted to \$66,000 bushels. The chief cause of the low price is thought to be the big shipments made by the Argentine Republic to Europe and its ability to undersell this market.

Cotton went down yesterday to the lowest price in the history of the New-York market, excepting once in 1881, when it sold down a few points lower. It was quoted at the close at 13 cents.

toward the elevated structure, where it was drawn tight and fastened to one of the posts.

TO CASH THE VETERANS' CHECKS.

LAST PAYMENT BY COLONEL LOVELAND TO-MORROW—THE MANY WAYS IN WHICH THE OLD PENSIONERS ARE HELPED.

The last payment of pensions under the direction of Colonel Loveland will begin at the Pension Agency to-morrow, the new Pension Agent, Colonel Trudeau, having requested Colonel Loveland to superintend the payment with his competent and experienced corps of clerks and assistants. The Grand Army Mission will be ready in its rooms under the agency, No. 328 Canal-st., to cash the pension checks as fast as they receive them, free of cost. A liberal supply of coffee and sandwiches will be free to old veterans to-night all night and all day to-morrow, so there will be no excuse for them to visit the barsrooms in the neighborhood.

Colonel William L. Strong, president of the Central National Bank, will again furnish the Mission money to cash the soldiers' checks; but, while the Mission is fortunate enough to provide them with a place to go, it is not so well provided with money to meet its expenses, and collects contributions from the public. There will be an all-night meeting at the Mission to-night as the veterans gather, and the bank is cordially invited to attend. The meeting begins at 8 o'clock.

FALSE EVIDENCE, SAYS MR. LITTLE.

HE WRITES A LETTER, SETTING FORTH SERIOUS CHARGES AGAINST RICHARD WORTHINGTON.

Joseph J. Little, who was appointed receiver of the Worthington Company on January 26, 1892, has addressed a letter to the creditors of the company, in which he severely criticizes Richard Worthington, the business manager of the company, for certain questionable transactions in which Mr. Worthington is said to have taken part. Mr. Little says that a short time after becoming receiver of the company rumors reached him to the effect that property of the company had been taken to a distant State and not properly accounted for. Mr. Worthington denied it, but Mr. Little later found that the entries in the books concerning the transactions were fictitious, and that there had been an attempt to conceal the assets of the company; also that the false entries had been made by order of Mr. Worthington.

The receiver, after referring to the number of books sent out of the State and sold after the assignment, says: "Mr. Worthington's methods,

which failed to meet the requirements of the law, had been made in secret and sworn to as true. The report of the expert accountants shows that the Worthington household are justly indebted to the company for more than \$100,000, and that it being impossible to ascertain the exact amount."

The charge of perjury was brought against Mr. Worthington, and he was examined on Tuesday at the Police Court, but was held without trial, and his right to remain silent was recognized. The defense, however, maintained that the Worthington household against the company had been successfully resisted, the creditors would have received only a trifling dividend, if any at all.

THE TWO XUNS WENT TO NEW-HAVEN BY MISTAKE.

The missionary sisters of the Order of the Sacred Heart, who have charge of the Columbus Hospital, at No. 4 of East Twelfth-st., became greatly excited Tuesday evening over the unexplained absence of two members of the order. The missing nuns were Sister Jovanna and Sister Mary. They left the institution about noon, and were to return in a short time, but failed to do so.

The Mother Superior became alarmed, and sent a message to Police Headquarters, requesting that a general alarm be sent out for the missing sisters. The request was complied with. About midnight the missing sisters arrived at the hospital. They were soon in the presence of the Mother Superior, giving an explanation for their long absence.

The Mother Superior said yesterday that Sister Jovanna and Sister Mary hurried by mistake the New-Haven steamer, and before they discovered their error the gangplank was drawn in and the boat started on its journey. The sisters were treated with the greatest kindness by the officers of the boat. When they reached New-Haven they forgot in their excitement to send a telegram to the Mother Superior. They took the first train to New-York from New-Haven and arrived here safely.

The sisters attached to the Columbus Hospital are the only ones of the Order of the Sacred Heart at home, and have been sent to the country under personal instructions from the Pope.

WANTED, A REAL LIVE INDIAN.

E. F. Hartley keeps a retail cigar store at No. 236 Third-ave. Yesterday morning he had printed in large black letters and placed in front of his store a sign which read as follows: "Wanted—A real live Indian to act as a sign."

By noon 49 Indians, by actual count, had applied for the position. One of the Indians had a bow and arrow, and the other 48 were armed with a knife, and his breath bore unmistakable evidence of firewater.

"You are not the kind of an Indian we are looking for," said Mr. Hartley.

John Gardner, of Clinton, was called as a witness. The Mother Superior said yesterday that Sister Jovanna and Sister Mary hurried by mistake the New-Haven steamer, and before they discovered their error the gangplank was drawn in and the boat started on its journey. The sisters were treated with the greatest kindness by the officers of the boat. When they reached New-Haven they forgot in their excitement to send a telegram to the Mother Superior. They took the first train to New-York from New-Haven and arrived here safely.

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JOHN GARDNER.

said that Meyer was poisoning him, but Brandy said he wasn't afraid.

Meyer became furious when Mr. Brooke asked him questions which cast discredit on Mary Neiss, whom the witness married. Meyer denied that he had taken her away from the Myers because they were poisoning her, having first insured her for \$100.

John Gardner, of Clinton, was called as a witness.

"What did Dr. Meyer say to you in prison?"

"He asked me what I was arrested for, and I told him it was for obtaining money under false pretenses. He told me that was a small business, and said he had a much better scheme for making money," said Mr. Hartley.

"You are not the kind of an Indian we are looking for," said Mr. Hartley.

"Boggs, an Iv. eye wants an Ingine. Ohm ver meat. The blys tell me Ohm the fomest Ingine that walks. Win Ohm full of the cold cratur."

At the Salem Fields Cemetery, Cypress Hill, there were simple services. The body was placed in the Seligman vault.

The editor of "The American Hebrew," Philip Cowan, yesterday received the following dispatch from Baron Hirsch:

"Seligman's memory will be cherished for his goodness and large-heartedness. A man could wish no higher praise."

EX-CONGRESSMAN JACK ADAMS.

During the trial the plaintiff really suffered no damage by the publication of the letter.

General Tracy said: "Now that the jury would award me damages, let me add a cent, but thought even that small amount would more than compensate Mr. Stokes for the damage he had sustained. He said that the jury would understand that he had a right to sue for damages."

Joseph H. Choate started in his argument for the plaintiff by saying that General Tracy had opened a good deal of his time in addressing the jury by saying that he had been injured by the publication of the letter. Mr. Choate then went on to point out that the plaintiff had not been injured by the publication of the letter. He said that he had been injured after three trials and had since he had been liberated from prison, though he had not been injured, from the time of his release, he had been in a state of complete debility and to a condition of semi-invalidism.

Mr. Choate pleaded that the full amount of damages asked for be awarded. The Sheriff declined to charge the jury.

After sitting about half an hour the jury returned and announced that it had decided that Mr. Stokes had been damaged to the extent of \$100.

Mr. Choate asked for a verdict. The Sheriff declined to charge the jury.

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